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للسدر Öالمالية Sidracapital

Electric Vehicles (EVs): Transforming World Mobility at Electrifying Pace

Key Statistics



+**16.5** mn Total Global Fleet of EV Cars as of 2021

3X the EV car stock in 2018



Share of EV Cars in Global Car Sales

>3X the market share in 2019





Share of China and Europe Combined in Global EV Car Sales

vs. US share of 10% in 2021



Publicly Available Chargers in 2021

3X vs. # of chargers in 2018

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), EV Outlook 2022

Key Highlights

- EV sales have been rising in the past few years driven by strong policy support across various countries to decarbonize mobility
- European countries lead the pack with greater share of electric car sales in total car sales, driven by strong policy impetus
- Global penetration of electric cars in total car sales is expected to rise from ~9% in 2021 to above 20% by 2030
- Financial markets have amply rewarded EV makers and battery stocks leading to huge jump in their valuations
- Investors need to be cautious in vetting opportunities for EV investments with respect to soundness of business models and use of proven technology

Electric Vehicles as Key Enablers to Decarbonize Transportation

Globally, the transportation sector contributes to around a fifth of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions with road transportation accounting for about 75% of this share. Amid growing concerns over climate change especially in the past decade, various countries have instituted ambitious policy initiatives and incentives to decarbonize transportation via electrification of mobility. In response to this, the global EV sales have been rising persistently. To put this in perspective, the global EV car sales has jumped from 120,000 units in 2012 to 6.6 million units in 2021, with annual sales having tripled since 2019.

The EVs have faced a slew of barriers to adoption in the past – high purchase costs due to higher battery pack costs, limited driving range, inadequate charging infrastructure and lengthy charging time. In the past decade, there has been huge improvement in the battery performance and significant reduction in the battery cost, which has vastly improved the value proposition of EVs. Despite this, EVs are stil not cost competitive as compared to the conventional vehicles. Furthermore, inadequate charging infrastructure in most countries creates a significant barrier to adoption. As per a recent Bloomberg (BNEF) report, there were only 2.7 million public charging points globally in 2022, which must increase to 59 million by 2040 to be on track for 2050 net-zero emissions.

According to 2022 EY Mobility Consumer Index study, about 52% of car buyers prefer an EV for their next purchase, a significant rise compared to 2020 when 30% of buyers were interested in purchasing EV. The International Energy Agency (IEA) forecasts the global electric car sales to increase from nearly 6.6 million units in 2021 to ~28 million units in 2030, registering a four-fold rise over the nine-year period.

30,000 27,700 22,500 15,900 15,000 6,600 7,500 2,980 2,040 2,080 1,180 760 550 0 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2025E 2030E Historical Data Estimation

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), Global EV Outlook 2022

EV Car Sales in World (in thousands)

Notes: EVs refers to all electric vehicles (BEVs + PHEVs). BEVs are battery electric vehicles. PHEVs are plug-in hybrid electric vehicles. The estimated share for 2025 and 2030 is based on the Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS)

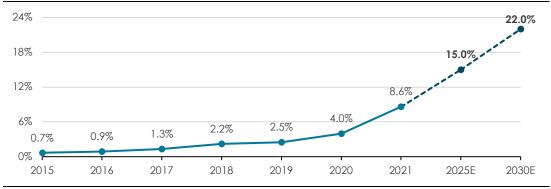
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Electric Vehicles (EVs): Transforming World Mobility at Electrifying Pace

According to International Energy Agency (IEA), the public spending on subsidies and incentives almost doubled in 2021 to USD 30 billion. Electric cars accounted for about 9% of global car sales in 2021, compared to their share of below 2% in 2017. The IEA's Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS), which considers stated current EV policy plans of various countries, forecasts share of EV cars to reach over 20% of car sales in 2030, raising the global stock 11-fold from today's levels to 200 million vehicles.

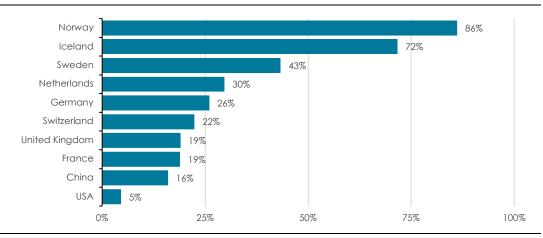
Share of Electric Vehicles (EV) in Total Car Sales (%)



Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), Global EV Outlook 2022

Electric Car Sales Penetration Varies Significantly by Country/Region

European countries count among heavy users of electric cars with highest market share in terms of new electric car sales, which is particularly underpinned by tightening CO₂ emissions implemented in 2020 and 2021. Notably, Norway and Iceland each registered electric car sales market share of above 70% in 2021. Overall, the share of electric cars stood at 17% of Europe's auto sales in 2021. Outside Europe, China remains the second largest adopter of electric cars with about 16% share in total car sales. This is followed by United States with a share of 4.5% in 2021.



Share of EV Cars Sales in Total Car Sales (2021)

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), Global EV Outlook 2022

EV-related Firms Outperform Incumbent Automakers

The S&P Kensho Electric Vehicles index, designed to reflect the performance of companies involved in the electric vehicle sector and the ecosystems supporting it, has handily outperformed MSCI World Automobiles index over the past few years. This is also evident in the significant increase in the market capitalization of EV companies, indicating financial markets have liberally rewarded EV and battery companies. The aggregate market capitalization of EV index* was 13% of the total market cap of top-ten automobile companies at the end of 2019. Interestingly, the tables had turned by the end of 2021 with aggregate market capitalization of EV index 60% higher than that of top-ten automakers combined.

European countries are at the forefront of electric cars penetration with Norway and Iceland leading the pack



Electric Vehicles (EVs): Transforming World **Mobility at Electrifying Pace**

	Period	S&P Kensho Electric Vehicles Index	MSCI World Automobiles Index		Market Capitalization (USD trillion)			
Investors have amply rewarded EV stocks, leading to surge in valuations	1-Yr	-39.50%	-37.33%	1.4			1.3	
	3-Yr	20.46%	17.88%	1.1 0.7	0.6	,	0.8	
	5-Yr	8.97%	7.63%	0.4	0.1			
	2022 YTD	-34.69%	-35.11%	0.0	2019 ■EV ■To	p 10 Auto	2021 makers	•

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), and respective Index Factsheets

1-Yr, 3-Yr, 5-Yr and YTD returns as of November 30, 2022

Notes: Market Capitalization is as indicated by IEA

* EV index comprises of 14 pure-play EV companies: Tesla, Lucid Group, Rivian Automotive, NIO, Li Auto, XPeng, Fisker, Nikola, Arrival, Proterra, Lion Electric, Hyzon Motors, Canoo, Hyliion Holdings Corp

Top-10 Automakers index comprises: Toyota Motor, Volkswagen, Kia, General Motors, Ford Motor, Nissan Motor, Stellantis, Renault, Hyundai Motor, Mercedes-Benz Group

Outlook

The continued surge in EV car sales and the rising EV penetration confirms that incentives and policy changes to drive zero-emission EV adoption are starting to pay off. The strong policy support by various countries coupled with growth in EV charging network and the larger electrified model range available to consumers, is expected to drive EV sales in 2023 and thereafter. However, it would be crucial to build up charging infrastructure to sufficiently cater to the accelerated EV rollouts. Besides, it would be a huge deterrent to pull back policy support under the contention that the transition to EVs will proceed fast enough to stabilize the climate. To the contrary, the success of EVs hitherto is even more a reason for countries to continue with their incentives and policy support.

Market leadership in the auto sector is going to be scrambled, as incumbent players are forced to adapt or lose share, and new players emerge. Tesla, which debuted its first electric car more than a decade ago, has emerged as global leader in electric car sales ahead of traditional automakers. Though most of autorelated investments are in legacy automakers and established auto parts suppliers, the tremendous buzz surrounding EVs has resulted in the sector attracting big-ticket investments to the tune of billions of dollars. However, investors need to thoroughly vet investment opportunities and exercise due prudence, especially when considering 'pre-revenue' EV companies with untested business technologies or business models.

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